NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE

SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

V .

SCOTT DAVID ALLEN,) 99 CRS 3818) 99 CRS 3820

Defendant.) Contests of the state

TRANSCRIPT, VOLUME I OF I

(Pages 1 - 63)

Wednesday, December 19, 2018

December 19, 2018, Criminal Session

The Honorable Vance Bradford Long Resident Superior Court Judge Presiding

(Appearances listed on Page 2)

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themselves for the reporter's benefit, please.	
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MS. ALLEN: Kristian Allan.	14
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FR. VIAHOE: Nick Viahos, Attorney General	
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MASSEN: Margaret Lumsden for the	et.
THE COURT: Let the record reflect that	7.0%
Defendant is present in the countroom. Yes, sir?	22
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THE COURT: The record should reflect &	23
here pursuant to a pro se handwritten motion file	24
Defendant in Montgomery County on July 23, 2018,	25

PROCEEDINGS OF WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 2018: - 1 30/19 2 (Proceedings began at approximately 10:34 3 a.m., on Wednesday, December 18, 2018. 4 Present at the bar were Mr. Nicholas Vlahos and Mr. Jonathan Babb, Attorney General's 6 office for the State; Ms. Kristian Allen, 7 Assistant District Attorney for the State; 8 Mr. Michael Unit and Ms. Margaret Lumsden, 9 attorneys for the Defendant; the Defendant, 10 Scott David Allen.) 11 THE COURT: If we could just go down the line, 12 starting with Ms. Allen, if counsel could introduce 13 themselves for the reporter's benefit, please. 14 MS. ALLEN: Kristian Allen. 15 MR. BABB: Jonathan Babb, the Attorney General's 16 office. 17 MR. VLAHOS: Nick Vlahos, Attorney General's 18 office, for the State. 19 MS. LUMSDEN: Margaret Lumsden for the Defendant. 20 THE COURT: Let the record reflect that the 21 Defendant is present in the courtroom. Yes, sir? 22 MR. UNTI: Michael Unti for the Defendant. 23 THE COURT: The record should reflect that we are 24 here pursuant to a pro se handwritten motion filed by the 25 Defendant in Montgomery County on July 23, 2018, which was

sent to the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge, now presiding, in the form of a letter and a subsequent letter, that the Court also takes as a motion, which was filed on November 13, 2018, also written to the Senior Resident Superior Court Judge, in the form of a letter.

The Court has caused the Defendant to undergo a forensic evaluation and the results of that forensic evaluation are contained on an eleven-page report authored by Dr. Bruce R. Berger, forensic psychiatrist, employed by Central Regional Hospital in the forensic services unit, and is dated -- as of the date of execution, December 6, 2018.

Now, one of the motions that Mr. Allen initially made was to discharge current counsel and ask for substitute counsel. So we're going to proceed this way. Mr. Allen, have you had an opportunity to see and read Dr. Berger's report?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Well, we need to give you that opportunity. I have read it. I have seen it. I want you to have an opportunity to see it. I don't want to assume anything. I don't think you'll find it objectionable.

He finds that you have the capacity to proceed and he lists in great detail what you related to him about things that you felt like were -- were problems that you perceived with the judicial system and with the way your

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1 | case is being handled. I'd like to give you a chance to 2 review that. Okay? THE DEFENDANT: Might I get a copy of this? THE COURT: Absolutely. Yeah, yeah. I need that copy back. I think that's the only copy in the file but I 5 will get you a copy. Yes, sir. Just take your time. I regret that you don't have a copy of it yet, but I want you to be able to review it. Take the time you need. 8 Court will be at ease while Mr. Allen has an 9 opportunity to review Dr. Berger's report. 10 MR. VLAHOS: I happen to have an extra copy. + Sincl1a I'll hand it to defense counsel to make sure it's the same 12 thing. 13 THE COURT: I don't want you to feel under the gun 14 15 because I am up here. You take your time to read it. You need to read it word for word. Just read it. It's 13 16 pages. I don't know that I have the ability to get it to 17 you to read in prison but I've got things I can do. As soon 18 19 as you've read it, tell the Sheriff and the Sheriff will 20 come and get me and we'll crank up. (Pause in proceedings for Defendant to review 21 Dr. Berger's report.) 22 THE COURT: Mr. Allen, have you had a chance to 23 read Dr. Berger's report? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir

THE COURT: Do you need more time to look at it or 2 consider it? The provide state of the state THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. 4 THE COURT: May I have one of the copies back? Let the record reflect the Defendant has been given his own 98911 5 6 copy. I need one copy back for the file. (Copy of Dr. Berger's report was handed to the court.) (sales assessed and 8 THE COURT: Mr. Allen, do you have any opposition 9 10 to this being admitted for this hearing as Court's Exhibit of on 11 chia teles best make all means and 12 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir. THE COURT: Mr. Unti or Ms. Lumsden, do you have 14 any opposition to this being admitted as Court's Exhibit 1? 15 MR. UNTI: No, Your Honor. 16 MS. LUMSDEN: No, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Babb? Mr. Vlahos: 18 MR. BABB: No. 19 MR. VLAHOS: No objection, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Ms. Allen? 21 MS. ALLEN: No, sir. 22 THE COURT: Madam Clerk, if you would mark this, 23 please, as Court's Exhibit 1 and order that this matter be 24 sealed -- that the report be sealed. I tell you what, can I keep it out just to refer to it. After the hearing is 25

concluded, if you would be kind enough to seal it for us, io di da 1o 2 please, Madam Clerk. Thank you, ma'am. 3 (Court's Exhibit Number 1 was marked and admitted into evidence.) 5 THE COURT: All right. Just one second. These letters are filed and of record. I think it's appropriate 7 | to read them into the record. 8 The letter which was filed on July 23rd reads as follows: 9 10 "Dear Judge Long, it is with regret that I must 11 inform you that the recently submitted brief pertaining to the February 2018 evidentiary hearing was submitted with 12 13 omission errors and without my having seen or having 14 approved it for submission by my current attorneys. 15 "I had on more than one occasion expressed 16 explicitly to them both, before and after the delivering of 17 the transcript, that my contribution and approval of this 18 brief, was non-negotiable. I personally received a copy of the brief just yesterday, July the -- " 7th or 9th, I think. 19 THE DEFENDANT: 9th. 20 21 THE COURT: "...fully a week after it was 22 submitted, hence the delay in this letter to you. "Barring a short allocated time for reversions, I request a consideration on your part in reference to the 24 25 conclusion and/or prayer for relief section of the brief,

and by extension, the MAR in its entirety."

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That consideration being that it be known that I am in no" -- "no" underlined -- "way whatsoever seek any relief granted in the form of a sentencing hearing. I would object to and appeal that ruling, were it given.

"Further, I seek only" -- "I seek only either the opportunity to finish the proceeding begun at the August 25, 2017, hearing that you ordered continued at the October 30, 2017, session. I understand that you ruled on September 27, 2017, on what little transpired on August 25th, but the defense still had at least four other witnesses subpoenaed to offer testimony in regards to the guilt/innocence Claim 3 H, I, J and K. These, not being the same heard during the February 2018 hearing. The latter half of the aforementioned either is relief granted in the form of a new trial.

"Further I apologize for this inconvenience but feel these matters can only be addressed to you directly. I am scheduled to meet with my attorneys later today and will address these same concerns with them. I plan also to inform them that after the submission of the" -- I don't know what that word is -- "I plan also to inform them that after the submission of the" -- court -- of the brief, maybe, "of the brief due August 1st that they remove themselves from my case. This due to repeated conflict of

Colloguy P. 10

interest and refusal to follow my lawful instructions in 2 regard to my case." 3 Signed by Mr. Allen and sworn and subscribed before Michael Zinc, notary public. Then the second motion letter which was filed November 13th reads: 6 "Dear Judge Long, this is in regards to the order 8 of the Court dated 18 September 2018. Reference, paren 13 9 and the apparent insistence of the moveant that he be 10 allowed to proceed pro se.'" 11 And there are quotation marks quoting from 12 Paragraph 13, "'And the apparent insistence of the moveant that he be allowed to proceed pro se." 13 "Not once have I, the moveant (Scott David Allen), insisted upon proceeding pro se, and for the Court to assert such a claim indicates, at a minimum, both confusion and 17 error. "I did state that I do want current counsel 18 removed, but" -- the "but" is underlined -- "this was with 19 the intent of counsel being replaced" -- "replaced" is underlined -- "with new counsel that represents my interest. 22 "I did also state that I would submit a new or 23 amended brief if" -- and "if" is underlined -- "there was no option but to do it myself. If the Court would have" -- "if 24 25 the Court would have had me to clarify this situation and so

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to my intent, this could have been settled without further delay or without the apparent intent to deter" -- I think -- "deter this motion to remove, replace" -- "replace" underlined -- "counsel by ordering the apparent prejudicial" -- "prejudicial" underlined -- "psychiatric evaluation to be conducted by the State.

"By now calling me in to clarify to the Court my intent and to clear up any further confusion, it should expedite the matter."

The first thing I want to try and be as -- proceed as cautious as I can and truncate my comments as much as I can, Mr. Allen. But I will agree with you to this extent, I allowed other -- not necessarily folks in the courtroom with us now but folks maybe in the capital defenders' office, the grand poobahs, to say that they really felt like when you filed this motion, of course, it created some ripples in the water.

It was their opinion that we needed to get a psychiatric evaluation and make sure that you had the competency to make decisions about your counsel. That's probably the safe procedure. I sort of went against my instincts which was to bring you down here into the courtroom and just have you tell us what it is you were trying to do, which I think is what you said you would have liked. But we are where we are now.

HEARING

19.11 Vine 10-24

as the judge is stating this he is making a sureexing gesti with his hand to include both the director of the Center for Death Penalty Lilipation (COPL), one Statche lengel, and sever unidentified members of the appellate Defenders Office. Carlier that year (2018) my primary appellate attorne informed (warned!) me that the Director of the COPL and other key sepple, either had already approached the NC STATE BAR AGEN. OT were devising a way to do so, we a hypothetical set of scenarios in which they could offer legal arguments to the courts in order to remove any legal standing the client defendant has to direct the sale of their own case appeal. By the judge stating lines 10-24 he confirmed that this is true. Fortunately my evaluation determined me to be capable. Otherwise the actions taken by the COPL and CAPITAL DEFENDERS OFFICE WOULD dangerous and damaging precedent for the kuture of an defendant wanting their own interests represented. I believe that more attempts will be made to relieve others having any say so, and that it will succeed a some soin.

State v. Scott David Alla

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You saw Dr. Berger. Dr. Berger has found that you are competent to make these decisions about your counsel. You have the right to keep Ms. Lumsden and Mr. Unti. You have the right to proceed pro se and discharge them. And if you request that other counsel be appointed, I'm sure the capital defenders' office will appoint other counsel.

> We are going to discuss this more fully but we are not -- we are not going back and re-hearing -- I think what is sort of in there is a motion to re-open evidence for a new evidentiary hearing or for me to reconsider the rulings that dismissed your claims for a new trial.

Look, there's no animus between me and you or Ms. Lumsden and Mr. Unti. They are great lawyers. My -- my wishes don't enter into this. I have a personal wish as to whether you would keep them or not but that's your constitutional right and your decision. If the Supreme Court says, "Judge Long, you know what, the trial judge screwed up when the trial judge did not give us -- did not give Mr. Allen access to" -- I can't remember the lady's name now but -- "her mental health records.

"And then further, Judge Long, you screwed up when you didn't say the trial judge screwed up, and he should get -- Mr. Allen should get a new trial." I'll just say congratulations, guys, y'all were right all along. Good luck. I hope everything goes well for you.

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But we're not going back and doing all that again. 2 | So I want to make that clear to you. Okay? So I'm going to 3 | let the lawyers -- I have the benefit of having great lawyers here and very wise people and skilled people in these types of cases, so I'm going to let them give me their advice as to how they think we should proceed. The final say is going to be yours. Okay? We'll decide how we need to proceed after this. Okay? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Thank you for your patience, Mr. Allen. Allen.

> Okay. Whoever wishes to be heard, go ahead, please.

MR. VLAHOS: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, I think one of the things that might help is if I just put a brief procedural history in the record, and ask Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden at the end if there are any additions or corrections they want to make to it which might help us.

First, on February 12th through the 15th of 2018, this Court conducted an evidentiary hearing on Claim 7 of Defendant's Motion for Appropriate Relief, and Claims 8 and 9 of Defendant's Motion for Appropriate Relief and Supplemental Motion for Appropriate Relief, which all alleged ineffective assistance of counsel at Defendant's capital sentencing proceeding. In other words, they were

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P. 14 Colloguy

only sentencing claims.

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All other claims of Defendant's MAR and SMAR have been dismissed by this Court through written orders. One 4 order, August 18th of 2016, and the other order of January the 4th of 2018. At the conclusion of the February 2018 evidentiary hearing, this Court granted the parties' request for each party to file a post-hearing brief at a later date after the parties could obtain access to the transcript of the hearing.

> Subsequently, this Court, via email, directed both parties to prepare proposed orders in the Word format to submit with their briefs.

On July the 2nd of 2018, the parties submitted copies of their post-hearing briefs to the Court via email and sent the briefs to the Montgomery County Clerk of Superior Court for filing. In fact, I got the copy of the State's brief back and it was stamp-filed July the 5th of 2018. So we sent them off and gave them to the Court July 2nd of 2018.

By email to the Court, I requested -- in my email to the Court I requested that the time for submitting the proposed orders be extended until August the 1st, 2018. Mr. Unti acknowledged in his email that Defendant's postconviction counsel agreed to my request for additional time to submit the proposed orders.

Then, on or about July the 13th of 2018 -- going by the notary seal on the letter that Defendant Allen filed -- Defendant Allen mailed a letter to this Court which he dated July 10th, and in which Defendant Allen claimed he did not personally receive a copy of Defendant's post-hearing brief until July the 9th.

And this is the important part: In that letter, for the first time before this Court, Defendant Allen raised an objection to his receiving relief in the form of the new capital sentencing proceeding. He had never before raised an objection through any of the filings or through sitting through four days of a hearing on those issues, Your Honor.

Defendant Allen sent two follow-up letters to this Court which he dated August the 5th, 2018, and October the 17th of 2018. Meanwhile on September the 14th of 2018, this Court entered an order pursuant to its own motion and completed an AOC-CR-208A form, both directing Central Regional Hospital to require a certified forensic examiner to perform a forensic evaluation of Defendant Allen at Central Prison to determine his capacity to proceed.

On October 22nd, 2018, after all counsel informed the Court that they were available for a hearing today, this Court entered an order scheduling today's hearing.

Now, that's just a brief summary. It's not absolutely everything that happened but it's the highlights

las	of what happened on the procedural history. I want to give
od 20d	Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden any chance they need to add or
3	correct any of that procedural history if they wish to do
4	so
5 %	MR. UNTI: We have no objection to the statement.
6	THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Thank you, ma'am.
73373	MR. VLAHOS: Your Honor, that brings us to the
8	issue of capacity to proceed. The State has got Dr. Berger
9	who you've got his report here under subpoena. He's
10	here available to testify.
-Jao11/s	Would Your Honor like to take evidence in this
12	matter and have the State ask him questions, and defense
13	counsel ask him questions and go through all that?
14	THE COURT: Well, let's do this. I'm satisfied
1015	with Dr. Berger's report but I want to give each of you the
16	opportunity to present evidence and give Mr. Allen the
17	opportunity if he wishes to call Dr. Berger or present
18	evidence as to his capacity to proceed. So we'll just start
86/19	with the State. A way drawn and the state of
20	Does the State wish to present anything further
21	other than the receipt of Dr. Berger's report as an exhibit?
22	Anything further on the issue of Mr. Allen's competence?
23	MR. VLAHOS: Yes, Your Honor. The State would
889/24	call Dr. Berger. TaxonoH and TITHE . 9M
25	THE COURT: Dr. Berger? If you'll be kind enough

to come up, Dr. Berger. Thank you for coming down and taking time out of your busy schedule, Dr. Berger, to -- to help us out in this case. We appreciate it. 00 3 4 DOUGLAS BERGER, M.D., having been called as a witness by the State, was sworn. 5 MR. VLAHOS: May I have a moment, Your Honor? THE COURT: Absolutely. Yeah. Sure. Sheriff, 7 could we get the doctor some water? 8 9 (Brief Pause in Proceedings.) 10 MR. VLAHOS: Your Honor, after conferring with 11 post-conviction counsel, at this time it appears that postconviction counsel is not going to oppose capacity to 12 proceed and that the Court has the report in front of it 13 which states what it states. So at this time, the State is 14 not going to need to call Dr. Berger, if that is, in fact, 15 the case that they are not opposing capacity to proceed, and 16 we did not have to have the full hearing for that, Your 17 18 Honor. of besides and the base of the second 19 THE COURT: Thank you. All right. The State has 20 no further evidence to introduce at the hearing as to 21 capacity to proceed. Ms. Lumsden, Mr. Unti, while we have Dr. Berger 22 here, any questions of Dr. Berger? 23 24 MR. UNTI: Your Honor, I have no questions unless 25 Ms. Lumsden wants to. I didn't see any ambiguity or

At this soint the doctor, who conducted the evaluation is or Dg. 17 the stand ready to testify lines 5.18 Nicholas G. Vlahos: Special Deputy Attorney General, is a representative for the State. Makes approached the talk where I am sitting between my two attorneys to ask the if they were going to object to the States doctor finding me capable to proceed It seemed to me that they (my attorneys) had alread been approached by the AG's Office, or servago the COPL and the Capital betenders Office too, as if they had been in discussions that this objection was a very real possibility I was not so surprised by the notion of it, but more the openness in which the AG expressed this right in from of me, and the last second it was questioned. My attoor actually looked at each other before declining. Ultimately I feel that they know I am more than capable, and that if they were to side so greenly with those that promoted this whole thing, it would come ba to haunt them in some way.

anything that needs to be cleared up. We're not objecting to his conclusions. THE COURT: Okay. We're sort of in an unusual position, Mr. Allen, because you have made -- I understand your second motion seems to sort of back away from the notion of you proceeding pro se, but you have at least --7 you have at least raised the specter of doing that. 8 Before we get down to that, I want to give you the 9 opportunity to question Dr. Berger if you desire to do so. Dr. Berger's report says, as you've been able to read for 10 11 yourself, that in his professional opinion you are competent 12 to proceed. And it sets out, as you have seen the problems 13 that you have perceived with the way your Motion for 14 Appropriate Relief has been handled and problems with the 15 court system has dealt with you and I think death penalty 16 cases in general. 17 So I understand that but I want to give you a 18 chance to question Dr. Berger if you have any questions about his report or his conclusions. 19 20 THE DEFENDANT: I am fine with the report. 21 THE COURT: Thank you. Does anyone object to Dr. 22 Berger being released from his subpoena? 23 MR. VLAHOS: No objection, Your Honor. 24 MR. UNTI: No objection. 25 THE COURT: Dr. Berger, thank you for coming. I

.pnlaler	know you didn't get a chance to testify but you being here
\snl(2)	has helped us very much and we appreciate you very much.
3	Thank you, sir.
. 30.4	Other than Dr. Berger, does anyone else have any
5 8	evidence they wish to present at this hearing concerning Mr.
6	Allen's competence? On behalf of the State?
7	MR. VLAHOS: Not on behalf of the State, Your
8	Honor. Sample and 18102 ASS yint yampoo yamanopanok 8
y 3 . 9 d	THE COURT: On behalf of the Defendant?
10010	MR. UNTI: No, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Allen, do you have any evidence
12	you want to present other than other than Dr. Berger's
13	report? We will said beginnesses and dom a 'anabaeled El
114	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
3000015	THE COURT: The Court makes the following findings
30 [916]	of fact beyond a reasonable doubt:
17	One, the Defendant was previously convicted of
18	first-degree murder and received a sentence of death.
19	Two, a Motion for Appropriate Relief was filed in
20	this matter and an Amended Motion for Appropriate Relief was
21	filed, the dates of which are of record.
22	Three, the Court disposed of several claims by
23	dismissing them pursuant to the State's Motion to Dismiss.
5/124	Next number. The Court ordered an evidentiary
375025	hearing on claims some of the claims in which the

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- Defendant asserted the right for a new sentencing hearing.

 This hearing was held in Montgomery County, North Carolina,

 the week of February --
- MR. VLAHOS: 12th through the 15th, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: -- 12th through the 15th, 2018.

Next number. The Defendant filed two motions —
two handwritten motions with the Court: One filed in
Montgomery County July 23, 2018, the second filed November
13th, 2018, in which the Defendant raised the possibility
that he may wish to discharge current counsel and consider
proceeding pro se.

Next number. The Court, after considering the Defendant's motion, determined that the Court must first determine whether the Defendant is competent to proceed in making these decisions — whether the Defendant is competent to exercise his constitutional right to discharge counsel or to proceed pro se.

Next number. Dr. Bruce Berger, at Central
Regional Hospital, conducted an examination of Defendant
which has been admitted -- and prepared a report dated
December the 6th, 2018. This eleven-page report concludes
that Defendant is -- that Defendant does have the capacity
to proceed.

Next number. State, the Defendant himself, and counsel for the Defendant have no other evidence to present

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on the issue of the Defendant's capacity.

Next number. Dr. Berger was present and available for both examination and cross-examination at the hearing, and all parties declined, including the moveant, to examine Dr. Berger.

> The Court finds that the moveant does not have -does not suffer from any type of significant mental disease or defect. The Defendant is capable of dealing with the issues in this case in an intelligent, knowing and voluntary way; that the Defendant is aware that he has a lack of legal training or knowledge, and that that lack of legal training or knowledge could prove a hindrance to him if he decides to proceed pro se.

> The Court ultimately finds and concludes that the Defendant/Moveant, Mr. Scott David Allen, does have the capacity to proceed with his motions, does have the capacity and the ability to participate in a meaningful way in his legal proceedings, and work with his attorney in an affirmative way should he choose to do so.

The Court concludes that he is capable of proceeding to prosecute his motions or to exercise his constitutional -- and/or exercise his constitutional rights to proceed pro se or to proceed with counsel.

The Court therefore decrees the Defendant has the capacity to proceed as to his motions filed July 23rd and

November 13th. as a second of some and and more

Madam Reporter, if you would be kind enough to prepare this and send it to Mr. Arbaza for its final form. The substance of this order will not change. I may — the Court reserves the right for grammatical purposes to add, delete or modify the order as to the way it reads. The substance of the order will not be modified. The Court reserves the right to make these changes until the final order is prepared, executed and filed in this matter.

What I would suggest, guys, and I'm open to -- Mr.

Unti, Ms. Lumsden, Mr. Babb, Mr. Vlahos, I'm open for
suggestions, but what I would like to do now is to have Mr.

Allen -- and maybe he shared this with you guys. I'm not
certain where we are. Have Mr. Allen tell us what his
desire is, what he wants to do, what he's trying to
accomplish.

I know Mr. Allen says I failed to divine from the first letter that what he really wanted was substitute counsel. And you said that was an error or a confusion. And if it is, I apologize, Mr. Allen. I didn't see any reference to appointing other counsel or substitute counsel but if that was your intention, I didn't -- I didn't gather that from the first motion.

Why don't you just -- I'm going to have you sworn. We're not going to ask -- we're not going to talk about the

substance of your case. We're only going to talk about procedurally what it is you want to do today and how it is you want to proceed. 3 Yes, sir? We of the year year programmed 4 MR. VLAHOS: Your Honor, before we do that, may the State be heard? In the dollar AME and AME and THE COURT: Yes, sir. MR. VLAHOS: First thing is the form AOC-CR-208A that this Court filled out. There's a portion of that form, and I've alerted the clerk, there's a capacity determination portion where Your Honor checks a block finding him capable to proceed, as Your Honor did. I just ask that the Court fill that out on that form in addition to the order. That might make things completely clear to anybody coming to check the record. THE COURT: Have we got -- do we know where that form is, guys? If y'all can locate the form, I'll check the box. system and laked printed entrand and all all MR. VLAHOS: Just wanted to make sure we're dotting all our i's and crossing all our t's, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. MR. VLAHOS: Then, the State has a position on this before hearing from Defendant Allen that I'd like to tell Your Honor about. THE COURT: Thank you.

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MR. VLAHOS: Now that Defendant Allen has been found competent to proceed, the State would ask this Court to rule on his three remaining MAR and SMAR claims before entertaining any motion to withdraw those claims. This Court considered Claim 7 of his MAR and Claims 8 and 9 of his MAR and SMAR which all allege ineffective assistance of counsel at his capital sentencing proceeding, ordered an evidentiary hearing on those claims, and conducted a full and fair evidentiary hearing over the course of four days with Defendant personally present.

At the conclusion of the hearing, this Court ordered counsel for the parties to submit post-hearing briefs which they did, making the three remaining claims ripe for adjudication at this point.

Now that Defendant Allen has been found competent to proceed, nothing stands in the way of this Court adjudicating his three remaining claims.

In its post-hearing brief the State argued that Defendant's remaining claims are without merit and should be denied. If this Court denies those claims, any motion to withdraw the claims becomes moot at that point. Defendant has no right to appear both by himself and by counsel. Having elected for representation by appointment -- by appointed defense counsel, Defendant cannot also file motions on his own behalf or attempt to represent himself.

Your Honor, I've got cases on these points of law. 2 If you want a citation, I'll tell you but I'll jump over and state the law. I can cite them later on.

The State contends that Defendant's letters of --5 | that he dated -- July 10th of 2018, August 5th of 2018, and October 17th of 2018 to this Court show that he's attempting to manipulate the legal system and interfere with this Court's ruling on his MAR and SMAR claims -- the remaining claims. say not seed a stata ear note y lasnemabout

In essence, what he's attempting to do is employ the same scheme that he employed at trial. At trial, at the start of his capital sentencing proceeding, Defendant directed trial counsel to stop advocating in his defense.

Then, they spent a whole weekend convincing him to allow them to put on a mitigation case, he finally agreed to let them do that. He turned right around in post-conviction and filed ineffective assistance of counsel claims for what they did at the capital sentencing proceeding.

The State contends that what Defendant is seeking to do here by these letters to the Court, is right when he knows the Court is about to rule on his case, he wants to throw a monkey wrench into everything, he wants to reshuffle the deck and start over.

This Court should not allow him to do that. One of the ways of doing that is to go ahead and rule on his

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claims. That is why, Your Honor, the State is asking this Court to rule on his claims before entertaining his motions to withdraw those claims. They're ripe for adjudication. You've heard everything on them. You've heard the arguments of both sides. There's no reason not to rule on them.

Thank you, Your Honor.

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7 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Unti? Ms. Lumsden? 8 MR. UNTI: Well, Your Honor, I disagree fundamentally with the State's position that this matter is entirely ripe for a final decision on the Claims 7, 8 and 9 on the MAR and SMAR for the very simple reason that Mr. Allen wrote the Court before the submission of the proposed order that you had asked us to submit. Whether Mr. Allen knew it or not, it seems to me that he was timely in stating in the letter, number one, that he wanted to remove his

attorneys, and number two, that he did not want to pursue

the sentencing relief.

Now, through very brief meetings and even before this controversy arose, Mr. Allen was made aware of the very significant prejudice that he could suffer by removing his counsel now when the deadline for a petition for certiorari to the Supreme Court is only 90 days after the adjudication of the MAR and the SMAR. He is aware that that is a very short window for new counsel to come in.

He is also aware that some of the evidence that

was brought into the record at the evidentiary hearing on Claims 7, 8 and 9, which were sentencing claims, but that some of the evidence concerning the circumstances of the crime could be useful for consideration by the Supreme Court and argument by counsel or by Mr. Allen, if he proceeds prose. So he's aware of the very real chances of prejudice here.

But I do think he has a right today, and has had the right at any point along this journey, to decide for himself, warned of some of the legal implications I just put on the record, I think he has the right to withdraw his claims if that is what he wants to do. I don't think the timing of his request was something that the State should take advantage of. I think he has a right to withdraw his claims although I have counseled him not to do so.

Ms. Lumsden?

THE COURT: If his claim is denied, can't he just do it, just say, "Okay. I don't want to appeal this. I abandon my right to appeal these claims for a new trial —for a new sentencing hearing." I mean, what's the difference?

MR. UNTI: There really is no difference. There really is no difference. That's why I'm saying Mr. Allen gets to choose whether he wants the sentencing claims to be pursued in this court and in the Supreme Court.

PREPARATION FOR DEC 18 gest untitled? The matters we are here today to discuss are grave since they will greatly effect the direction Meath imposed upon me. Hoone takes these matters more serious than I, and so the time this issue of replacing attorneys, and of IA, v.) cause is in no way taken lightly. If it couls be avoided it would be but since it counts. ask the Court to allow a statement I have prepared that I think is considered and covers some of the Rey grievances of home with curren coursel, It also briefly truckes on the wine and ovento that put is here in this situation to = If wheel + "How coursel medicals and/or reflects to thoroughly involente leads, refused to suppena certain peop delain in providing information and requested case material already in their sessession to me the client, Janving instruction, severalena Rule 12 BJ delaps 11 3,2 ment by peer is I am not going to dismonth a fellow member of the bar" Ses to Subpera

Preparation for Dec 19th untitled?

The matters we are here today to discuss are grave since they will greatly effect the direction and outcome of the appeal for the sentence of Death imposed upon me. No one takes these matters more serious than I, and so the time this issue of replacing attorneys and of IAC, will cause, is in no way taken lightly. If it could be avoided it would be, but since it cannot, I ask the court to allow a statement I have prepared, that I think is concise and covers some of the key grievances I have with current counsel. It also briefly touches on the issues and events that put us here in this situation today. If asked How counsel neglects and or refuses to thoroughly investigate leads, refused to subpoena certain people, delays in providing information and requested case material already in their possession to me, the client. Ignoring instructions, procrastinating.

Delays Rule 13 (3) Rule 3.2

Refuse to subpoena Preamble (16) Compliance with the Rules; secondly upon reinforcement by peer "I am not going to dismantle a fellow member of the bar"

On Aug 25, 2017 an evidentiary hearing, in part, was held on claim III H. I. J. K of defendants MAR of the trial : Trial coinsel failed to cross-examine the States Witness effectively violated because he was unable to conduct Voir Dire of Smith and Psychologist John Warran Egording the importance of the Medical and Psychiatrie records. Of of the 5 witnesses suppoenced to testify only Dr. John Warren had the opportunity to do so by the end of court that day. The Court then ordered for this evidentiary kearing on the willes in Claim 3 On 9/27/17 a full month prior to the continued hearing set for Out 30 the court filed a ruling on that limited evidentary hearing even though the 4 remaining subspectaged witnesses had no apportunity to testify, and that issues I and part of T had not been addressed whatsoever Prior to Dr. Warrens testimony on Aug 25 2017 as to the information provided in those records the trial defense affys Will Atkinson + Pierre Oldham (two of the remaining 4 subported) had no knowledge of the potential evidence provided in those seconds, and so objectially the premature ruling of

187/17 denied then the apportunity to testify is regard. to that intermation. It also deprived they the chance to my what they would have done, in a strategie sense, with of the states, sole exp-witness. Also having had knowledge of the credibility danging information in there leased, coupled with the expert testing provided by the psychologist, the trial causely argument would have greatly effected, the jury's ability to decide on all the evidence at that there, not just some of it. Futhermore, the testimony tralcoursel could have Novike I the Oct 30 date world have happened would have emphasized the struct I + J in claim 3, by pointing an not only their failule, but also their letural to subout to avidence not just the letter written to me before that hy the States supposed eye witness that chaloses my the detendant) innoceace, put also the leconstation in whie. this have eye witness had previously asmitted being cooled into making take, statements about no tra detendant in a previous that by the same investigator Barry Bunting and same At Gorland, tates that provery this Heal. Both my Had attorneys knew this My Oldha having also been my attorney in that that, and are of conte Part the july having the apportunity to hear this that they a lant, would have found the testimony wholly pursuative. The evidence not only makes opvious fort of their Ite but it also leflect & the sames in Claim low of when This court outrant deviced a hearing on.

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On Aug 25, 2017 an evidentiary hearing, in part, was held on claim III H I J K of defendants MAR:

- (I) Ineffective Assistance of Counsel in the guilt, innocence phase of the trial: Trial counsel failed to cross-examine the States Witness effectively
- (J) Defendant's right under the N. C. and U. S. Constitution were violated because he was unable to conduct Voir Dire of Smith and Psychologist John Warren regarding the importance of the medical and psychiatric records.

Out of the 5 witnesses subpoenaed to testify only Dr. John Warren had the opportunity to do so by the end of the court that day. The Court then ordered for this evidentiary hearing on the issues in Claim 3 H I J K to be continued on Oct 30, 2017.

On Sept 27th 2017 a full month prior to the continued hearing set for Oct. 30, the court filed a ruling on that limited evidentiary hearing even though the 4 remaining subpoenaed witnesses had no opportunity to testify, and that issues I and part of J had not been addressed whatsoever.

Prior to Dr. Warren's testimony on Aug. 25th 2017 as to the information provided in those records, the trial defense attorneys Will Atkinson and Pierre Oldham (two of the renaming 4 subpoenaed) had no knowledge of the potential evidence provided in those records. And so essentially the premature ruling of 9/27/17 de3nied then the opportunity to testify in regards to that information. It also deprived then the chance to say what they would have done in a strategic sense, with that at the trial during an actual proper cross examination of the State's sole eye witness.

Also having had knowledge of the credibility damaging information in those records, coupled with the expert testimony provided by the psychologist, the trial counsel argument would have greatly effected the jury's ability to decide on all the evidence at that time, not just some of it. Furthermore, the testimony trial counsel could have provided, if the Oct 30th date would have happened, would have emphasized the issues I and J in Claim 3 by pointing out not only their failure, but also their refusal to submit into evidence not just the letter written to me before trial by the State's supposed eye witness that declares my (the defendant's) innocence, but also the recantation in which this same eye witness had previously admitted being coerced into making false statements about me (the defendant) in a previous trial by the same investigator Barry Bunting and same DA Garland Yates that prosecuted this trail. Both my trial attorneys knew this, Mr. Oldham having also been my attorney in that trial, and so I contend that the jury having the opportunity to hear this that they at least would have found the testimony wholly persuasive. This evidence not only makes obvious part of this IAC but it also reflects the issues in Claim 1 and 2 of which this court outright denied a hearing on.

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Gregson pledges to strive for excellence as DA

By Larry Penkava | penkava@courier-tribune.com Twitter: @larrypenkavaCT Posted Jan 4, 2017 at 5:20 PM Updated Jan 4, 2017 at 6:13 PM

ASHEBORO - Andy Gregson has been preparing most of his adult life to be a district attorney.

He has worked under Garland Yates since 1994, many of those years as chief assistant district attorney for District 19B. When Yates announced last year that he wouldn't run for a 10th term, Gregson filed for the post and faced no opposition in winning the head job.

But how Gregson, who was formally sworn in Wednesday, got to that point shows how prepared he is to be district attorney for Randolph and Montgomery counties.

Air Force experience

A 1981 Randleman High School graduate, Gregson did his undergraduate work at The Citadel in Charleston, S.C., and earned his law degree from Campbell University.

"I had taken a class in my junior year (at The Citadel) that had me intrigued with law," Gregson said recently. "I delayed Air Force entry to go to law school."

As it happened, the Air Force needed JAGs, lawyers of the Judge Advocate General. Gregson said he "decided to be a trial lawyer. Campbell had a good program and I fell in love with it."

Once in the Air Force, he was sent to Carswell Air Force Base in Fort Worth, Texas, a base that "had a lot of court martials. I did that for two years."

Gregson served all bases in a circuit around Carswell. Then he was selected for a Washington, D.C., circuit that included 22 bases in the Northeast. He said he spent the next two years "traveling and managing my schedule. It was great experience in handling serious things on your own."

Gregson said one case he handled was a man being tried for espionage for selling secrets to East Germany. After the Berlin Wall came down, the man was arrested and Gregson prosecuted him.

"The Air Force experience really prepared me," Gregson said, of having to move from one base and case to another. "I had to be ready to respond to circumstances and not panic."

Working with Yates

When Gregson was discharged from the Air Force, his first civilian job was as the police attorney for the City of High Point. Then, in March 1994, Yates hired him to work in Randolph County Superior Court.

One of his first cases was the murder trial of Terry Mickey, a postal carrier accused of conspiracy with his cousin to kill his wife. It was a difficult, convoluted case with "high-powered lawyers" that took more than three months, the longest trial ever in the county. The jury finally convicted Mickey, who is spending life in prison.

The trial of Gary Trull in 1994, Gregson said, "was the first murder case in North Carolina solved by DNA. The science was not as refined as it is now. It was a very tragic case."

Trull was indicted for first-degree murder, first-degree kidnapping and first-degree rape in the death of Vanessa Dawn Dixon on Nov. 17, 1993.

One of the most emotional cases Gregson has tried was the murder trial of Alexander Polke, accused of killing Randolph County Sheriff's Deputy Toney Summey and shooting Deputy Nathan Hollingsworth. "That was painful. I knew of Summey, but just seeing the grief in the sheriff's office. Later, I taught his son Andrew in Basic Law Enforcement."

Murder cases receive more publicity because of the taking of life. That can take its toll on those trying the cases.

"All murder cases stay in your mind," said Gregson. "You feel the need to do justice for the survivors. And you make sure no errors are made or you have to try it again. It's a very draining experience."

What matters most to Gregson is justice, he says. "It's not convictions but to do justice. Most of the time you're getting convictions, but justice is utmost.

Even more important than administering justice, he said, is obeying the rules. "The state is bound by the Constitution," said Gregson. "It's important for justice, to follow the Constitution. We operate within boundaries. Justice is within the boundaries of the law. It's what separates us from the bad guys. You follow the law even when it's painful."

'True to the oath'

As district attorney, Gregson says he plans to "be true to the oath," and to provide "professional and competent representation striving for excellence." He said his goal is to "use the limited state resources to their maximum effect."

Gregson said his focus will be working with law enforcement to "target repeat offenders who don't rehabilitate and affect law-abiding citizens." His goal is for offenders to plead guilty or be tried quickly.

Working with law enforcement, Gregson wants to keep a "selective list of names" of those accused of crimes with victims, such as breakins and other property crimes.

"My priority will be on property crimes," he said. "Where law-abiding citizens at work come home and their valuables are gone. I'll do everything to penalize those people responsible. There will be less priority for guys drinking and fighting."

Gregson said he would like to see tougher penalties for crimes against citizens. "Penalties are fairly low," he said, "regardless of property value or if there's someone at home" when a burglar breaks in. "Innocent victims are going to get priority" when deciding which suspects to prosecute first.

"We'll have close coordination with law enforcement," said Gregson. "They know me and my expectations. They also know I expect them to follow the Constitution. We have good law enforcement in the two counties. We work together."

Experienced office

Gregson said he has already divided the ADAs into teams, some working in superior court and some in district court. "We will meet with law enforcement agencies to talk about what we can do better."

Gregson said he was "very fortunate" to have a "very experienced office" which is "valuable in this business." All of his nine ADAs have years of experience.

The new DA credits his predecessor with "put(ting) a lot of faith in me. He had me on murder cases from the first day.

"Garland has never told me what to do with a case based on anything other than evidence," he said. "When I went to work, he told me to base my work on the law and evidence.

"He's been very consistent," Gregson said of Yates. "That's important to the law and the courts. Plea offers must be consistent.

"He never second-guessed me on a trial or a plea," said Gregson of Yates. "He asked questions but never inserted himself. He's always trusted me to do the right thing."

Gregson said a DA "can't micromanage" and that "a free flow of information in the office is important."

As for being elected as district attorney, Gregson said he "appreciate(s) the trust of the public. I'm humbled by the support I got. I feel the weight of their trust and want to be worthy of the community's trust. That's my goal."

Gregson said his background of hard work came from his youth when he worked with his father, a mason. "I understand working like that," he said.

Gregson and his wife of 29 years, Dustie, have three sons: Luke, Cole and Jacob. He is an elder at Sunset Avenue Church of God.

Swearing-in ceremony

Andy Gregson was formally sworn in as district attorney by childhood friend, Superior Court Judge Brad Long, Wednesday afternoon at the historic 1909 courthouse.

After court was officially called to order by head of courthouse security, Lt. Jeremy Lanier, Long told a capacity crowd in the former courtroom that it was one of the greatest honors of his life to perform the swearing-in of his long-time friend. He then administered the oath, repeated by Gregson, who was accompanied by his wife, Dustie.

Eight of the assistant district attorneys were then sworn in by Long. A ninth will be joining the staff in February.

Gregson then addressed the assembled family, friends and colleagues: "Thank you sincerely from the bottom of my heart. 'Thank you' doesn't seem enough for all the years you've supported me."

them to be a part of this," he said, calling them very deserving.

"It's an honor to have Judge Long," said Gregson, noting that Long had sworn him in as a lawyer and as an assistant district attorney. "He's a lifelong friend and I thank him very much for swearing me in."

Gregson then focused on his wife of 29 years — "my better half" — and his three sons, of whom he was "very proud."

Pledging to strive to "be worthy of the trust you've placed in me," Gregson said he will "look forward to working with law enforcement."

He concluded by saying he was "very honored to be here. I thank Jesus Christ.

"I ask you to pray for us, that we're guided by God's wisdom."

8/5/17, 9:47 PN

That's all I have, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ms. Lumsden? MS. LUMSDEN: Nothing further. THE STATE: Over the State's objection, I'm going to hear what Mr. Allen has to say. I may go back and adopt 5 the State's position. Tell me what you're trying to do, Mr. Allen, so 7 8 | that I can understand it. I'm not trying to talk down to you. I didn't gather from your first motion that you wanted 9 -- just tell me what you're trying to do. Today, what is it you're trying to do. -11 THE DEFENDANT: I am trying to -- I am trying --12 THE COURT: Raise your right hand for me. Would you affirm him to his testimony, please? (Defendant was affirmed.) 15 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Allen. You can stay 16 seated there as long as you can speak loud enough that 17 counsel can hear you, and the court reporter and I can hear 18 you. If you can't, I'm going to need you to come up and 19 take the stand. Go ahead. 20 THE DEFENDANT: Initially with the three -- four 21 claims, 3 H, I, J and K, which were in part of the hearing 22 23 of August 25th. I had concerns with it at the time as far as what relief was asked for. I expressed to both my 24 attorneys that I am in no way seeking reduced sentence or 25

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sentencing hearing. We thought we would continue the August 25th hearing on October 3rd so we were preparing for that.

And the ruling -- Your Honor's ruling of 9-27 came -- we had to go in a different direction thinking ahead to the February hearing and the Claims 7, 8.49

THE COURT: Which were for a new sentencing hearing.

THE DEFENDANT: Which were for a new sentencing hearing. My belief in going forward with that and not objecting at that point was that some of those claims overlapped to a small degree the ineffective claim of 3-I --

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

THE DEFENDANT: -- of which we never got to. I wanted the opportunity to elicit as much testimony as possible in regards to ineffective counsel, et cetera, anything that could come up.

During this time I was in discussion with both of my attorneys about -- I don't want to say discontinue hearing of August but the repercussions of dropping my claims of the sentencing hearing of February.

They advised me the -- of the risk of it. They didn't tell me to do anything or not do anything but --. S
I informed them that I would go ahead with my February hearing but that in no way was the relief again of the resentencing to be asked for. The relief sought is a

1 revisit of the claims from August for a new trial.

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I do not want to entertain in any way a resentencing but I did note that I had to get as much testimony to help every claim that I could. Going forward with this brief we had initially 90 days. The transcript delay made it 120. I last saw both my attorneys on March 8th. Wo hays week how and east leist and

> THE COURT: Before you go further, it's my understanding -- and I will let you or your counsel address this. It's my understanding that you forbade -- that you removed them from your approved visitor list and they were unable to visit you at some point. I don't know when that occurred. That's my best understanding.

THE DEFENDANT: That was August 2nd.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

THE DEFENDANT: The hearing for February was February 12th through the 15th. The order was made February 15th. I saw both my attorneys on February 22nd and March 8th of which I instructed them both that for this brief, I would have ultimate say and approval before it was submitted. Also and suoda material and of best at

Past March 8th, I only had occasion to visit with Mr. Unti. I never saw Ms. Lumsden again. Mr. Unti informed me that due to her background she would be drafting the brief. I saw Mr. Unti on April 24th, May 24th, and June

Kimberly A. Stephenson, CVR

12th alone. All those times we talked about what we were going to include in the brief, about how to include other whatever in it. But I had sent written instructions by the mail. I had given them both instructions personally during the visit that this brief was not to be turned in unless I approved it.

The brief was due and submitted on July 2nd. I got the final copy on July 9th. Now, I did have a rough draft prior to that maybe a month. At that time I sent more instructions, which Mr. Unti has informed me never arrived at his office. I did speak to him personally. He said that he did get the initial instructions of which I had already orally discussed with both my attorneys.

Mr. Unti came again alone on July 10th, the day after I got the copy. I asked him at that time to answer why number one the copy to me so late and that it was submitted without my approval, and that it was submitted without my notes or what subject matter I wanted included into it.

He had no answer because he had not directly talked to Ms. Lumsden about the certain subject matter that I was bringing up at that point, and we would have to discuss it with her when she could come.

At that point I asked him, well, how can he defend that. He said he would have to collect his thoughts before

he would express them. The visit was over and that was the last time I had a visit with him. So I did object initially to the August 25th hearing brief. I did say that I wanted certain things in the February hearing which were not included ultimately. I felt at that time that I had to address it with the Court. That's what puts us here.

THE COURT: Okay. So what are you trying to do today because I read your second motion as being -- and this is probably through some fault of my own -- as being a little bit inconsistent with how I read the first motion.

So you tell me what you're trying to do now.

THE DEFENDANT: I seek new counsel all together due to ongoing internal matters of conflict with current counsel. I don't want to get into too much as far as -THE COURT: And you shouldn't.

THE DEFENDANT: But I feel that there's too much of my insistent repeatedly and it not being followed -- my instructions.

THE COURT: It's not my job to pitch for any team,
Mr. Allen, but you have to understand that you proceeded
with this week-long hearing understanding -- let's set aside
the rulings. They may all be wrong. You will have a chance
to argue those in front of the Supreme Court, you know,
"Long is an idiot. He should have granted this relief," but
that's been done.

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The only relief that was available to you was a new sentencing hearing, and you understood that. And we proceeded with a week-long hearing. I don't remember -- I can't swear -- did it end on Thursday or Friday. It may have been Thursday. I don't remember. Four days of a hearing in this courtroom, and you sat through the whole thing and never said, "Hey, listen. I really don't want a new sentencing hearing. I really don't want -- if you grant this, I'm not going to -- I'm going to withdraw my request."

That was the only -- that was the only relief that was available the whole time we conducted that hearing.

That was all that was available to you.

I don't understand exactly what you're saying. So in your -- in your mind, you would get new counsel appointed and how would this -- if things go exactly the way you want it, tell me how you perceive this happening. You get new counsel appointed and they do what?

THE DEFENDANT: I'm not adverse to submitting a brief of my approval. At that point I would expect the Court to rule with the intent of objecting to any relief granted for sentencing.

THE COURT: Say that again.

THE DEFENDANT: I would expect the Court to rule that I would object going forward with any relief granted to sentencing.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, that's --THE DEFENDANT: My point --3 8 3 THE COURT: Go ahead. Excuse me. I beg your and 4 pardon. 5 THE DEFENDANT: My point being that I felt that I 6 Supreme needed this testimony for the record ultimately. And I risk going forward with the sentencing hearing to get that 8 testimony in. I am willing to suffer, for lack of a better word, relief on that with the intent of going forward and 9 Justin 10 objecting because I feel that the testimony was relevant 11 enough to do such. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden, do either of you have any questions for Mr. Allen? 13 14 MS. LUMSDEN: No, Your Honor, I don't. 15 MR. UNTI: Your Honor, the only thing I would like 16 to mention, if I understand Mr. Allen's statement, is that 17 he felt that the evidentiary hearing on the sentencing meed = 18 o Claims 7, 8 and 9 was a useful vehicle to bring in ed o 19 additional evidence about the circumstances of the crime 20 that also relates back to the guilt phase of the trial. 21 Mr. Allen needs to understand that if he withdraws 22 the claim today, they will not be taken up in the petition for certiorari or for further appeal, and that the record of 24 that evidentiary hearing, therefore, will not be considered 25 by the Supreme Court. And so the valuable evidence that --

Colloguy P. 35

that's my understanding of the law. But that transcript will not be something that will be reviewable by the Supreme Court. And he needs to weigh the value of some of that evidence in his mind versus his desire not to pursue the sentencing claim. He needs to understand this decision today is likely to prejudice him severely before the Supreme Court. privated prisonesses and naiw brawing pricos

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Unti. Yes, sir, for the State? 9

> MR. VLAHOS: I have no questions of the Defendant, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So, do you hear what Mr. Unti is saying? We was another which was a west of the same of the same

In other words, if you abandon -- if you are allowed to proceed pro se or if you get new counsel appointed and they say, "Hey, let's just -- we're chucking it." It's almost, to be perfectly frank with you, if they appoint somebody out of the capital -- somebody who has been trained as a capital defender in the state, I just -- to be honest with you -- I can't imagine anybody saying, "Okay. I'll participate in this. I'll allow you to withdraw after we've had a hearing. I'll allow you to withdraw your claim for a new sentencing hearing," and that evidence not be presented to the Supreme Court. I can't imagine anybody 25 participating in that and saying, "Yeah. Okay. If that's

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1 | what you want to do, that's what we'll do."

It's just difficult for me to imagine that because that's a valuable right that you have. I mean, look, I can't go under -- I don't know what all the layers to this are. If what you're saying is, "I don't want to spend the rest of my life in prison. If those are my options, I'd rather see the sentence carried out as opposed to, you know, not."

I mean, it's the way -- and I read, you know, in your statements to Dr. Berger -- I can't disagree that these things are sort of slow walked through the system, but you know you are sort of the anomaly. Most people who have received a death sentence don't object to things being slow walked through the system. That's just the honest way it goes. Because it's usually how it works, most people don't object.

I had a case, an MAR claim, heard in 2006. The last time I saw Mr. Widenhouse, I said, what ever happened to that case. He said, "I don't know." I guess it's still sitting on somebody's desk in the Supreme Court. I don't know. I don't know where it is. I asked Gregson what happened to it. He said, "I don't know."

Now, the ruling took a little while but they've had it for ten years anyway. It's been up there since 2008 or something like that. I don't know what's going on.

Some and

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So, you understand what Mr. Unti is saying. If you -- if you wanted these claims pursued -- and I'm not going to ask your lawyers. They can't reveal confidences 3

that you made to them. Even if everything you say is 4

correct, and they may disagree with that. We're not going

to put them on record about that. 6

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They may disagree with that, but even if everything you said is correct that you said, "Okay, guys, I really don't want to do sentencing hearing. I'm not interested in a hearing. But let's go ahead with an evidentiary hearing on the sentencing claims because I want you to develop a record just -- a record of insufficient assistance of counsel, and I want to get that -- I want to get that down on paper so the Supreme Court can see that.

"And then as the Supreme Court considers my claim for a new trial, they can sort of keep this in mind and sort of look back at the evidence in the sentencing hearing as they think about Judge Long dismissing my claims outright for a new trial and think about some of this evidence. I think they'll do that. Whether they are supposed to or not is a different question but I think they will do that."

So what Mr. Unti is saying is that if you abandon your claims, if you discharge and abandon your claims, or if you get new counsel and they abandon your claims, that evidence is not going to be before the Supreme Court because

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that evidence came in, in a very narrowly defined issue as 1 to whether or not you get a new sentencing hearing. If you abandon your claim for a new sentencing hearing, it's gone. We don't -- we don't require the court reporter

just to go through the process of typing up a transcript and the transcript doesn't apply to your claim -- technically it doesn't apply to your claim.

I understand you're projecting out that they might sort of wink and nod and consider it. But if you abandon your claims that information is not going to be in the file which sort of, you know, puts the pin in your whole plan about getting that information in front of the Supreme Court. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

THE DEFENDANT: Knowing that, prior to this, this is why ultimately I went through with the hearing.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I knew that the option of pulling the claims was mine. The dod was seen bounded

THE COURT: Say that again.

THE DEFENDANT: I knew that the option of pulling the claims -- dropping the claims was mine, and I did not. I do want everything to go before the Supreme Court. I have no intent at this point of dropping the claims, but I do

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1 request of the Court that new counsel be allowed to submit a brief of my approval.

shop 3 | THE COURT: That's a little bit -- that's a little bit different deal. You told Dr. Berger at one time, did you not, Mr. Allen, that it would not be your preference to 6 | continue with Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden, but that you felt like you could work with them. Maybe I'm paraphrasing. I don't have it in front of me. I don't remember the exact wording but that's -- I remember somewhere in his report a line very close to that. I'm not trying -- if you disagree with that, you're free to disagree with that. That's the way I remember Dr. Berger's recounting of something you told him. That's sort of like double-hearsay.

> THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, no one is more conscious of things that cause delay. I want to avoid as much of that as I can. What I think that is in reference to is that if necessary I would go forward to expedite matters with Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden, solely for the purpose of submitting the brief, if that could avoid a long delay in getting new counsel, but I do ultimately want new counsel.

THE COURT: You have to understand, I mean, that this is not a -- I mean, I'm not sharing any state secrets with you, you have to understand that if we appoint a new counsel -- let's say this is all going to work the way you want it to. Okay?

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1 You guys are out. The appellate defender gives us two new guys. They know nothing about your case. They're going to come there to see you. The files are that thick.

Let's forget about -- let's forget about what's happened. They are going to be -- at a minimum, they're going to have to read the transcripts of the hearings. They are going to have to read the MAR. I guess they are going to have to read the trial transcript. I'm not trying to talk you in or out of anything but you have to understand, I have no idea how long this is going to take. For them then to prepare to file their own brief about the hearing.

I mean, maybe it could be done on a expedited basis. I don't know. But, see, these people are all just like Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden. Your case is vitally important to them but this is not their only case. The same is going to be true whoever else we appoint.

So, I mean, there's no way I can guarantee you that it's not going to slow -- I can guarantee you that it's going to take some time, I don't know how much time. I don't know if it's going to be within what you think it too much time. Only you can define that. I have no idea. I just sort of know how things work, how much -- how much effort it would take for someone else to bring themselves up to snuff to feel like they are doing what they are required to do and zealously representing you and filing the

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appropriate brief and -- and trying to sort of navigate between what you want and what the law says and what the case are. I have no idea how long that will take. I couldn't hazard a guess about that.

5 Okay. Does anybody else wish to be heard about any of this?

MR. VLAHOS: Your Honor, the State is going to ask that you deny Defendant Allen's motion to replace his 9 counsel. I just want to put some reasons on the record briefly. The of palop at each pool won mobil on evan 1 01

> First, an indigent defendant does not have the right to have counsel of his choice appointed to represent him. The United States Supreme Court has rejected the argument that criminal defendants have a constitutionally protected right to counsel when mounting collateral attacks on their conviction, which is where we are now in postconviction with the MAR.

Even if Defendant Allen had a constitutional right to post-conviction counsel, he would not be entitled to have new or substitute counsel in this case. A trial court is not constitutionally required to appoint substitute counsel unless representation by counsel originally appointed would amount to denial of defendant's right to effective assistance of counsel.

So, when it appears to the trial court that the

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original counsel is reasonably competent to present defendant's case and the nature of the conflict between the defendant and counsel is not such as would render counsel incompetent or ineffective to represent that client, denial of defendant's request to appoint substitute counsel is entirely proper.

Now, nothing shows -- nothing that you've heard in this case shows that counsel is not reasonably competent to represent defendant, both Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden. They were appointed by the office of indigent defense services, they are required to meet certain criteria in order to be appointed to these cases, you've seen how hard they've argued for their client and what they've done navigating through these difficult waters in this case. I've got other cases with Mr. Unti and I've got other briefs and things that I've read from Ms. Lumsden. They are both competent, capable counsel.

THE COURT: Well, saying that they are reasonably competent in my observation of Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden, saying that they are reasonably competent damns them with faint praise. I mean, I think they are far beyond that.

MR. VLAHOS: I'm saying they meet the reasonable standards.

THE COURT: I understand that.

MR. VLAHOS: They are far better than that, but I

Kimberly A. Stephenson, CVR

think they meet the legal standards.

2 THE COURT: I understand that.

MR. VLAHOS: Nothing shows that this conflict would render counsel incompetent. What you've got, you've got two decisions that defendants routinely make in criminal cases. One is a decision about the object of the proceedings, whether to make a claim or not.

The other one are tactical decisions. Okay.

Courts are universal in that the object of a proceeding —

the object of the defense — defendant has a right to drive

the boat on that. However, when you're talking about

tactical decisions, they usually are made by counsel.

There is one exception to that in North Carolina.

Okay? In North Carolina, you have the doctrine of absolute impasse which when defense counsel and a fully informed criminal defendant reach an absolute impasse as to tactical decisions, the client's wishes must control. Okay? It's based on the principle agent, nature and theory of the attorney-client relationship.

However, it's not without limitation. I think this is really important on what I believe, judging from what Defendant Allen was arguing, what he wants lawyers to argue in his brief -- some lawyers to argue in his brief. There are two limitations that are important.

First, the absolute impasse rule applies only when

defendant's wishes with regard to trial strategy are lawful.

Okay? So, he can't have his lawyers argue something that's

unlawful. Also, this does not apply when the defendant

seeks to have counsel assert frivolous claims.

What I'm saying to Your Honor is we had the hearing on the three remaining claims which are capital sentencing proceeding claims. It sounds like Defendant Allen wants lawyers to submit briefs that argue guilt/innocence when they are supposed to be arguing the sentencing claims.

He can't force this counsel or other counsel to make arguments on guilt/innocence when Your Honor is only hearing the sentencing claims. He's not going to be able to make other lawyers do this either, so I don't think he's going to be able to get what he wants.

The gist of all that is there is no reason to kick these lawyers out of this case and stop them from representing him.

If Your Honor believes it is wise and important to let other counsel handle the petition for writ of certiorari or any appellate relief that may be done, that may be an option, but as far as these proceedings in this court, to end this litigation in this court, which it should be ended now because it has run its full course, then Your Honor should deny his motion to get new counsel in these

19.41-44 My reasoning behind trying to remove current counsel was, in part, because they neglected to follow my lawfund instructions, which were to include my contributions into the Feb 2018 hearing Brief, to not submit mything without my approval, and that they neglected to a section in the Brief about the lead trial attorneys ineffective assistance of counsel (IAC).

When pressed, my current lead assellate attorney let slip that he "would no dismantle a fellow member of the Ban Arm", which is the sole surpose of on IAC claim.

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lon, but as far as these proceedings in this cour

the tribation in the court, which it should be

should dony his motion to get new counsel in these

Emberly A. Stephenson, CVR. December 14:2018

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1 proceedings. If it's something later on down the road, 2 appeal habeas or something, then maybe. But these 938 00/3 proceedings, absolutely not in this court, Your Honor.

4 THE COURT: Ms. Lumsden, Mr. Unti, do you wish to be heard? I understand you guys are also sort of threading a needle here. If you wish to be heard, I will give you that opportunity. If you don't, then, I'm not going to require you to be heard.

> MR. UNTI: One point that Mr. Vlahos just made about the petition for certiorari and who represents Mr. Allen for that petition concerns me because of the deadline for that petition. Your Honor was just discussing how much effort it would take for new counsel to come in and write a closing brief from the evidentiary hearing in February. The difficulty -- the level of difficulty for new counsel to come in and put together a petition for certiorari by the deadline would very likely result in severe prejudice for this gentleman.

> And depending on how Your Honor rules on these claims or whether you allow him to withdraw, that I see as the greatest risk here of prejudice. I don't want Mr. Allen to make a choice without truly understanding how treacherous that ground is he's walking on.

THE COURT: Thank you. Well, I will allow Mr. Allen to correct me but this is -- I want this to be in the

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record. It is my understanding from what you've said, Mr. Allen, you have now withdrawn -- if in fact it ever existed, you have withdrawn your request to proceed pro s8. You are either asking one, your preference would be to have new counsel assigned; or two, to proceed with Ms. Lumsden and Mr. Unti. That's what I think I hear you saying. Is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: I would only want to proceed with Ms. Lumsden and Mr. Unti for the purposes of this brief only.

THE COURT: Did you hear what he just said?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

you're time limited on getting the petition before the Supreme Court. I don't -- I have no idea and I don't pretend to know how difficult it would be to get them to extend the time periods for you because of the unusual circumstance of this case. Barring that, you're just saying, "Judge, you're saying it's going to take them a while to get up to caught up to file a brief as to the" -- you heard what he said. You understand it. You're a smart guy. You understand what he said.

"If you can imagine, Judge, how much time it would take them to get ready to file this brief, imagine how much time they're going to need to go back and read all these

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different transcripts and file an appeal of your rulings,

Judge, denying the hearing and, then, bring themselves up to

speed to file other potential claims." He's just saying he

doesn't want to see you caught in that trap.

So, what I thought I heard you say was you didn't

want to represent yourself. Your preference would be for me to appoint you new lawyers going forward but if it meant representing yourself or working with Mr. Unti -- Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden -- and, again, this is me sort of synthesizing what I thought I heard you say, you would prefer to go forward with current counsel and work with them. Maybe I didn't hear you right. I thought -- I thought after we filtered through everything, I thought that's what you just said.

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know how to explain it in a way that doesn't risk exposing too much. I'm willing to take the risk of new counsel having a limited time in preparation as opposed to the knowledge I already have of the difficulty I'm facing now.

THE COURT: All right. To another the court in the court i

MR. BABB: Your Honor, may I say one thing?

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

MR. BABB: Just to address the Court's concern, in a petition for writ certiorari, the Defendant can -- new counsel could ask for extension of time which is exactly

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what happened in another case of Mr. Unti's that I'm opposing counsel in where at the end of the MAR there were issues. Judge Sasser ruled and then allowed the attorneys to withdraw after ruling on the claims. New counsel then sought an extension of time. It was Mr. Ferguson — Jay Ferguson. And extension of time was given for filing petition of writ of certiorari. So I understand the concern about prejudice that Mr. Unti has raised about time, but in those situations if new counsel is appointed, I really can't see the Supreme Court not granting an extension of time in a capital case.

THE COURT: All right. The Court will dictate a proposed order in open court for the convenience of the parties notifying them of the Court's ruling. The final order -- the convenience of the Court is using the service of the court reporter. The final order will not -- the final order will actually be constituted when this order is executed and filed. The Court reserves the right unto itself to add, modify or delete findings of fact and conclusions of law.

Madam Court Reporter, if you would use the first findings of fact that are briefly set out that defendant was convicted of first-degree murder and received the death penalty, an MAR was filed in -- I think I called it AMAR instead of SMAR -- it's an SMAR -- supplemental MAR and use

those findings of fact in this order, please, and the date of the motions filed by defendant, pro se.

These findings of fact are found beyond a reasonable doubt based upon the record established in this matter and testimony of Defendant and legal arguments of counsel.

The Court finds the Moveant/Defendant acknowledges that he understood that the sentencing hearing, which was conducted the week of February 12th, 2018 -- strike that -- the evidentiary hearing that was conducted the week of February 12th, 2018, was only -- was limited -- strike that -- the Defendant acknowledges that he understood the only relief that was before the Court at the evidentiary hearing of February 12, 2018, was a new sentencing hearing.

Next number, the Defendant/Moveant elected to proceed with the evidentiary hearing as the Defendant desired to establish a record to place before the Supreme Court in the hope that the Supreme Court may consider portions of that record in ruling on the trial court's dismissal of the Defendant's claim for a new trial without an evidentiary hearing.

Next number, the Defendant continues in his desire to have the evidentiary record from the February 12, 2018 hearing before the North Carolina Supreme Court as the Supreme Court considers the Defendant's -- this Court's

Tonathan Babb, Supervising Attorney for the Attorney General's Office, and for this hearing VLAHOG minder. Here he not on references a previous case in which this exact same this 19 47 lik d3-948 lines 1-11 I am arguing for here was allowed by the N.C. Supreme Court, but in that same case the Mr. Unti mentioned a the same Mr. Unti that I have as a lead attorney and am trying desperately to remove. 19.51 incorrect in that I did not ask not intend for the Fet lik 8-Blief & include the issues from the quilt innocence claims for a new trial. I was told they could not be so only wonted & fully include all the existence of TAC claims which must incorporate the trial attorney 295d lin 7 want attorneys that will actually follow my lawful instructions, which by necessity include both communicating and consulting with me on my case, In of now neither of my attorneys have tallemsted to see me to consult, now responded to my instruction regarding the next steps in my appeal.

1 denial of the Defendant's request for an evidentiary hearing for a new trial. 2 Again, I will probably jiggle around the order these are in. Media ampedong of slos yldsposses | 5 The counsel for both the State and the Defendant 6 submitted briefs in support of their positions, pursuant to 7 the orders of this Court, by the established deadline of 8 | these briefs being filed July 5th -- July 2nd, maybe, 2018. 9 Next number, the Defendant insists he does not want a new sentencing hearing but is only interested in 10 receiving a new trial. 12 Next number, the Defendant withdraws any portion 13 of his motions -- pro se motions of July 23rd and November 14 13th which could be construed as a request to allow the Defendant to proceed pro se. 15 16 Next number, the Defendant now requests that the 17 Court withhold ruling on the motions for a new sentencing 18 hearing and appoint counsel to file a second brief. 19 Next number, the Court read both the briefs 20 submitted by the State and the briefs submitted by counsel 21 for the Defendant. The Court finds that counsel for the 22 Defendant, throughout these entire proceedings, have 23 diligently, meticulously and with great effort pursued the 24 Defendant's claims both in the writing, both in the filing 25 of the motions, the writing of the briefs and in litigation

on the 1 in open court. The post of the state of the stat

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The Court finds that counsel -- current counsel for the Defendant are far and above the standard of being reasonably able to prosecute the Motion for Appropriate Relief and the Supplemental Motion for Appropriate Relief 6 previously filed on behalf of the Defendant and to pursue 7 | these claims before the North Carolina Appellate Courts.

While the Court is unable to question the Defendant as to the Defendant's desires in the filing of a second brief, the Defendant's intentions are clear to the Court in that the Defendant wishes to have a second brief filed that somehow incorporates the evidence that was heard on the issue of a new sentencing hearing into the dismissed claims for a new trial.

> The Court finds the Defendant has no right to file a second brief citing to evidence at the evidentiary hearing for a new sentencing hearing in his claims for a new trial.

> I think I've already said this and I can strike it out if I have.

> The Court finds the Defendant, since the end of September of 2018, understood that the February -- since the end of September of 2017, understood that the hearing to be held the week of February 12th, 2018, was to be only as to his claim for relief of a new sentencing hearing.

The Defendant at this hearing -- next number --

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	the Defendant at this hearing stated that he had not seen
	counsel since March 6, 2018, before he filed his motion.
	Perhaps, the Defendant was referring to Ms. Lumsden but he
	stated "counsel." He then went on to recount seeing Mr.
	Unti numerous times, perhaps as many as a half dozen,
	between March the 6th and the filing of his motion in July.
1	The Defendant is not entitled to pick and choose
-	counsel appointed counsel at any stage of the criminal
-	proceeding in the State of North Carolina.
-	There has been no assertion by current counsel
Name and Address of the Owner, where	that any disagreements with the Defendant have risen to a
And opposite the Party leads in which the Party leads in the Party lea	level that counsel believes, in their professional opinion,
-	that they are prohibited from representing the Defendant
	zealously as they zealously.
-	The Court finds that current counsel, as noted
-	above, through their efforts are well schooled in this case
-	and the trial transcript amongst other things.
	The Court finds that appointment of substitute
	counsel would inevitably run the risk of causing possibly
100	substantial delay in new counsel attempting strike that -
	- familiarize strike the word "attempt" familiarizing
	themselves with the issues in this case to file either a
	second brief on the sentencing hearing and/or an appellate
	brief.anoldom and descript or trivered the motions as

The Court concludes -- and, again, I reserve the

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1 | right to add additional findings of fact, delete or modify 2 | the findings of fact that exist -- that the Defendant has 3 | failed to show good cause that counsel should be discharged. The Court finds that counsel are more than reasonably able to represent the Defendant.

The Court concludes that as to the issue of the filing of the brief requesting a sentencing hearing that the Defendant -- that as the Defendant knowingly allowed the sentencing hearing to proceed, an evidentiary hearing on the issue of new sentence to proceed, and as the Defendant understood the only relief available to him at this hearing was a new sentencing proceeding, and as the Defendant allowed -- strike that -- and as the Defendant, today's date, requests that the Court proceed to rule on the sentencing hearing, and that the only issue for which the Defendant objects is the wording of the brief filed by counsel, and as the Defendant has no right to have a second brief filed which somehow attempts to incorporate dismissed claims for new trial relating to evidence educed at the sentencing hearing that the rules -- that absolute impasse does not govern the request for substitute counsel, it is therefore ordered that the Defendant's request for substitute counsel -- the Defendant's request, either made orally in open court or through the motions filed -- pro se 25 | motions filed for substitute counsel to prosecute the

1 request for a new sentencing hearing by filing a new brief, is denied. on ob blues aven nov it sa

Two, the Court decrees that the Defendant has withdrawn his request to proceed pro se.

Three, to the extent that the Defendant has moved the Court in his pro se motions to reconsider the motion dismissing the Defendant's claims for a new trial, the motion to reconsider is denied.

Four, to the extent that the Defendant's pro se motions move the Court to reopen an evidentiary hearing on the issue of the sentencing hearing -- the need for a new sentencing hearing, that motion is denied.

Now that I think about it, Mr. Vlahos, will you draft this order for me?

MR. VLAHOS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And, of course, show it to -- as I know you guys always do. You guys have been great about that. wilnusmongo and dadw worst I hob I asirow | 81

Guys, I have your briefs. I've read the briefs. I'm a little bit at loose ends because after almost 14 years together, Ms. Jones retired Friday, which is -- I mean, she functioned like a judge really up there. So I'm really sort of at loose ends. They are in her office and on her computer. I have a great guy. I hired a gentleman who is 25 going to be outstanding. He is going to be great but he and

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I are sort of feeling each other out.

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So if you guys could do me a favor, please, and email the briefs to me again, email the proposed orders to me again as soon as possible, please. We'll get this order signed.

Mr. Allen, I'm not going to give you substitute counsel for the purpose of filing this brief. I'm going to ask that you -- I do not have a right to do this. I'm not ordering you to do this. I'm going to ask you that you talk to Ms. Lumsden and Mr. Unti about the filing of -- after the ruling has come down, whatever that is, about them proceeding as your appellate counsel and how that could prejudice you to dismiss them. And the potential -- again, Mr. Babb -- I want to make this clear to you, as you see me stuttering and stammering up here, you understand I've got my hands full trying to be a trial judge.

I don't know anything about how the Supreme Court works. I don't know what the opportunity is for you to get an extension, not get an extension. I don't know how that would work and I don't pretend to. They do. Mr. Babb does. Mr. Unti does. They have experience in that. I do not.

You have the right to proceed pro so, That's sort of the basis of this order. You have the right to proceed pro se. You have the right to have counsel. You don't have the right to say, "You know what, I don't like what these

guys said in the brief because even thought I said I wanted a sentencing hearing, after a week, you know, I really want that evidence to be considered on my new trial motion.

That's what I really want.

"And if I have to spend the rest of time in prison, I really don't want to do that. I really don't want them to do this sentencing hearing. But I still want the Court to rule on it and I still want it to go to the Court of Appeals, I just want different lawyers."

You don't have the right to do that. There's no constitutional right to pick and choose who you want to represent you.

To me, after it all comes down to it, I think that's what I hear you saying. You've got great lawyers. They are outstanding lawyers. I think you made a wise decision to proceed with attorneys rather than proceed prose. I think that would be a disaster.

As smart as you are, as articulate as you are, I think it would be a disaster to proceed pro se. It's not my job to advise you but I hope you won't do that. That would just be a mess. It would -- you shouldn't do that. That's as plain as I know how to say it.

You've got good lawyers. They're trying -- they disagree with my decision to dismiss your claim for a new trial. They're going to take that to the Supreme Court if

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you allow them to do so. You may win. As I said, they may say, "You know what" -- I'm not going to state my opinion about things. But they may say, "The trial judge," as I told all these folks in private, I might have done something different had I been the trial judge. The trial judge may should have given you that stuff about that mental health information, and Judge Long saying that you needed to get a new trial because of that, that was a mistake, too, that's an error. That's an error." That may happen. I don't know. We'll see.

And, then, you've got a whole new D.A.'s office.

If it happens, then, that changes the calculus. You know,
you've got somebody who didn't try the case if they give you
a new trial and a new sentencing. I don't know. I don't
know what's going to happen.

They may say, "We're good to go. You got a fair trial. You got a good sentencing hearing. You're good to do. Everything that Judge Long did is going to be okay and we're good to go."

I don't know what they're going to do. But I know you need still advocates to represent you, and I think you're smart enough to know that, too. It's a minefield. I don't want you to say anything else and I'm not going to continue talking. I just want you to know it's a minefield where you could easily mess up in a major way and you need

these guys' help. That's what I will say. MS. LUMSDEN: Your Honor, may I approach? THE COURT: Yes, ma'am. (There was a bench conference.) 5 | THE COURT: Mr. Vlahos, if there's any findings of 6 | facts and conclusions, if you could add those but highlight 7 them to Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden's attention that you are requesting that I adopt these findings of facts or 9 conclusions and highlight to them that that's something you don't believe I dictated. 10 11 If you could also put out -- set out in the 12 preface or the Court's findings of fact -- I don't want the 13 whole thing set out in nuts and bolts but a synopsis -- a ed 14 a procedural synopsis of the case. 15 MR. VLAHOS: Yes, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: The record should further reflect that 17 the Court is informed by Ms. Lumsden, as an officer of this 18 Court, that Ms. Lumsden was unable to visit Mr. Allen 19 because unfortunately in April Ms. Lumsden had an injury to 20 her back which required surgery -- in July, Ms. Lumsden? 21 MS. LUMSDEN: Yes, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: -- in July, and was dealing with a 23 severe back injury which necessitated surgery, as stated by 24 the Court, in July and had appeared on convalescence where 25 she continued to work from her home but was unable to go out

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and report to the office and see clients.

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So, again, you know, and that's just something, Mr. Allen, again, knowing your intelligence, knowing your articulateness, knowing that you know how the world works, you have to understand, "sort of, kind of what I heard a little bit is, you know, what somebody charged with armed robbery in the Randolph County Jail says. You know, well, I haven't seen my lawyer but twice in eight months and that sort of decreases my comfort level with them a little bit."

I mean, then you went on to recount that Mr. Unti was down there, like, four, five, six times since the hearing in February until the filing in -- I know this is your life. I understand that. But these guys also have lots of other clients they have got to see and they can't be down there every day. And I kind of heard a little bit of that coming through this, too.

Okay, guys. That will be the order of the Court. If you guys could -- like I said, I think I know where that stuff is. I think it's in an expandable file but once all this started coming down, I laid it down in her office and I moved onto other things. I need to go back and find it. You guys can save me some time if you will just send it to me. Okay? Thank you.

> MR. VLAHOS: Three administrative matters in this case, Your Honor. First, can we get an agreement that the

orders -- all the orders, including ruling on the last claims, can be signed out of term, out of session and out of county, if that's okay with defense counsel? MR. UNTI: No objection to that. 5 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. MR. VLAHOS: And, then, Your Honor, I've got -vieno ont 73 just to clarify, is the Court going to draft the competency order and I draft the second order or should I draft the whole thing? THE COURT: You're really going to ask me that? MR. VLAHOS: I can do it any way Your Honor wants me to. Mr. Unti and I can hammer out the details, or Ms. Lumsden and I. as a seed dear of seed of the El THE COURT: Madam Reporter, could you email just the competency order portion to Mr. Unti and Ms. Lumsden, Mr. Babb and Mr. Vlahos, as well as the dictation that I did for the motion denying Mr. Allen's motion for substitute counsel, please. Just email that to all four in a rough draft form and they can use it as sort of a jumping off point. Okay? I'm going to let you do both of them. MR. VLAHOS: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thank you for your help. I appreciate 23 it. si swed II'l sai bail bisco ybodemos il ju8 | ES MR. VLAHOS: The last matter administrative, I'm 25 going to slide this over to defense counsel. It's a

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proposed order to produce a transcript of these proceedings today. I didn't put a deadline on it because as long as I get that little part about the orders, I won't need it very fast -- the whole transcript, just the little pieces.

Mr. Babb reminded me about one last thing. The AOC form that has to be signed, the competency part of it, make sure we dot our i's and cross our t's. That's the only thing.

MR. UNTI: No objection.

10 THE COURT: We need to get it signed today because -- and you guys will need to remind me. Probably -- I'll put it in the file but I will probably, from here on out, I'll probably have to get permission to execute orders if we don't get it done by December 31st. I hope we can but if we can't, we can't. I'm not going to be -- I'm not going to have the authority of senior resident.

MR. UNTI: No objection to this order.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Madam Clerk, I know you haven't had a chance to find that. But could you have somebody -- I know you're going to be busy in here. Could you have somebody from your office look through that and see if we can find it? I just don't want to take up your lunch. But if somebody could find it, I'll have it signed before we leave here today, guys. Okay?

Thank you, guys. Mr. Allen, thank you for your

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patience. Thank you for your motions. Madam Clerk, could 1 you put this back in here and mark this a Court's Exhibit 1 2 mode eroleg and put that under seal in the file for me, please? 4 Sheriff, would you adjourn court for us until 2:00 dalanama 5 please? one growing going a standard blue 6 (Proceedings were concluded at 12:29 p.m.) (END OF TRANSCRIPT) not a relative or employee of any attorney or clunsel employed by the parkles thereto, and am not fin ncially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

patience. Thank you for your motions. Madam Clerk, could

CERTIFICATION OF TRANSCRIPT

I, Kimberly A. Stephenson, CVR, the officer before whom the foregoing proceeding was taken, do hereby certify that said transcript is a true, correct, and verbatim transcript of said proceeding.

I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this proceeding was heard; and further, that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties thereto, and am not financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

This the 1st day of April, 2019.

Kimberly a Stephenson

Kimberly A. Stephenson, CVR
Official Court Reporter
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